

# The Intelligencer

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## RUSSIANS HOLD WINGS INTACT

TEUTON EFFORTS TO FORCE BACK WINGS ARE UN-SUCCESSFUL

ARTILLERY DUELS CONTINUE IN EAST

Italians Report Capture of Austrian Positions—Negotiations in Balkans Near Crisis.

London, Aug. 31.—The Russians have thus far balked the German efforts to force back the wings of the Russian armies. At the northern extremity the front part of Hindenburg's army, commanded by General Von Below, still is fighting for the bridgehead south of Friedrichstadt.

General Bothmer, whose forces broke through the Russian lines on either side of Brezany, in Galicia has been checked at some points on the Stripa river.

Along the rest of the front the Germans claim to be making headway. Some, however, who got through the forest east of Bialystok have suffered a reverse at the hands of the Russian rearguard.

The most interest is at the two wings. The Germans near Friedrichstadt are well set unless the Russians can threaten the Teutonic flank it appears improbable that Friedrichstadt can much longer be held. The threat against the other wing is not so serious as it is more distant and the country more difficult.

The French continue artillery attacks on the German lines and concentration points in west, but there is no evidence of general offensive. The Italians are more active. Tonight they report the capture of another Austrian position southeast of Trent and some trenches on Carso Plateau on the road to Trieste. According to Italian accounts, Italian progress, while slow because of the nature of the country, is continuous.

Except for Turkish reports there is no news of the fighting Saturday and Sunday on Gallipoli Peninsula.

It is understood that Balkan negotiations speeded up. The Bulgarian minister conferred today with Sir Edward Grey. Afterward the entente ambassadors and Serbian minister called on Grey.

Russians Claim Many Prisoners.

Petrograd, Aug. 31.—A Russian official reports successful counter attacks in the Stripa river district in eastern Galicia. The Russians claim to have taken three thousand prisoners.

London, Aug. 31.—The Russian armies along the Bug and the Zolota-Lipa rivers are being withdrawn rapidly, and apparently without great loss, as neither Vienna nor Berlin claims any extensive captures of prisoners or booty in the center of the line, due east of Warsaw, the invaders continue to make steady progress, while further north the Germans are advancing more slowly.

The fall of Lpask brings the Germans closer to Grodno, the last big fortress on the front retained by the Russians.

Along the western front the usual artillery and hand grenade work marks the operations. According to Paris, the work has resulted in the destruction of several German trenches and other shelters.

Constantinople reports heavy fighting at the Dardanelles, but the allies are silent regarding the military operations in this section.

Rome reports another victory over the Austrians in the capture of Omba 28th, 5,500 feet high. This summit had commanded the Italian positions on Monte Saluba.

Rome also reports favorable progress of the diplomatic negotiations in the near east, and said that Serbia has promised satisfaction as far as they go. In Italian political circles confidence is expressed that the Turko-Bulgarian retrograde agreement does not affect Bulgarian neutrality.

At Chicago.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Today marked the passing of the coldest, wettest and most unseasonable August that Chicago ever experienced, June and July were in the same category. The temperatures for each month was below the normal.

## EXCHANGE RATES IMPERIAL TRADE

CONTINUED DECLINE WILL HURT AMERICA'S LARGE EXPORT BUSINESS

ENGLISH POUND IS STILL LOWER

Bankers Wondering How Long England Will Continue to Pay Heavy Premiums.

New York, Aug. 31.—America's large export trade, which for the first time leads the world, was imperilled today by the alarming drop in foreign exchange. The market was more demoralized than in the memory of man. The English pound brought only four dollars and fifty-five and one-fourth cents at the close. This is thirty-one and three-fourths cents under normal, and a drop of five and three-fourths cents in the last twenty-four hours.

Bankers are wondering how much longer England will continue to pay the premium when she can exchange elsewhere where the value of her money is greater. They are of the opinion that American factories will feel the pinch if the rates go much lower; that cancellations of war orders for everything except what is absolutely necessary would follow and few new orders would be placed.

International Bankers say the fall was caused by the failure of London to provide means for paying a bill here. America doesn't want English gold. Large quantities of securities would bolster the market. When wheat and cotton bills begin to flood the market by the end of September bankers see a picture of a pound worth four dollars unless a huge credit loan is made.

New York, Aug. 31.—Exchange rates reached most serious stage with an overnight break of two cents on the English pound to \$4.58 1/2, many bankers say this is close to the point where curtailment of big foreign orders in the United States would follow.

Nothing like this violent break has occurred here before. The market is one and half cents below the figure one week ago by big financiers as a minimum at which the United States could hold British orders for any thing except war munitions.

Many products are named in this category. The break means that English purchasers besides paying top market prices must add five per cent more because of low exchange. Practically nothing doing in the money market today as a result. No contracts are cancelled. While it is pointed out that no other world market is open the British could practice economy at home that might seriously affect the United States' business.

## CHINA'S TYPHOON COST 500 LIVES

Property Damage Five Million—Was Worst Storm in Thirty Years.

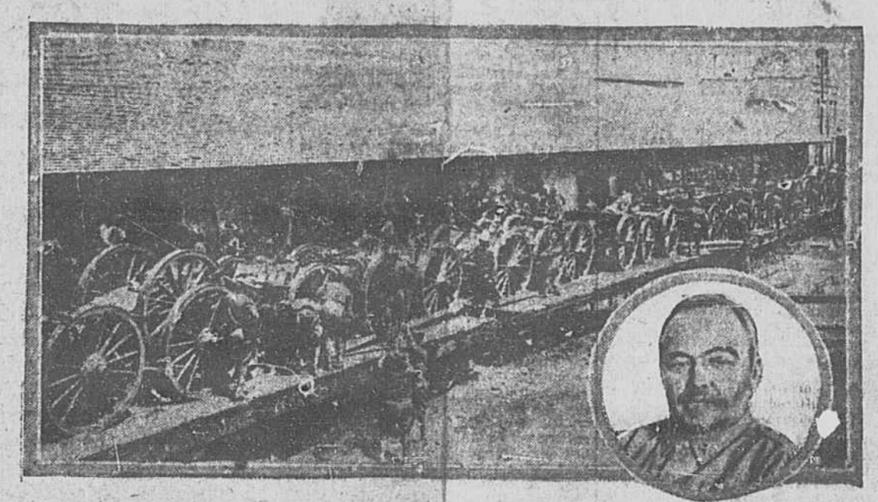
Shanghai, August 2.—(Correspondence.)—Reliable compilations of the damage wrought the typhoon of July 28th, show that at least five hundred perished and about five million dollars worth of property destroyed. It was the worst storm in thirty years.

Good Trade Balance.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The greatest trade balance since March '13 is shown by a statement in imports and exports for the week ending August 25. Favorable balance is over \$2,000,000.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Today marked the passing of the coldest, wettest and most unseasonable August that Chicago ever experienced, June and July were in the same category. The temperatures for each month was below the normal.

## Cannon at Brownsville Ready for Mexican Raiders



These suggestive 4.7 calibre guns, which have a range of seven miles, have just arrived at Brownsville, Tex., in charge of the Fifth Field Artillery of the United States army. They are designed to keep out Mexican raiders.

Rumors that Brownsville was to be attacked by a large Mexican force have been set at rest. It is doubtful if the whole Carranza army has as many guns as this single battery. They were in plain sight at the Brownsville

railroad station where Mexicans, who were curious, might look at them. General Frederick Funston, who is in command, now has sufficient soldiers to drive out all Mexican raiders who may be inclined to attack isolated Texas ranchers.

## GEN. DROZCO WAS KILLED IN RAID

MEXICAN LEADER FATALLY WOUNDED IN ATTACK ON RANCH

SEVERAL OTHER MEXICANS KILLED

Carranza Has Not Yet Replied to Pan-American Appeal for Peace Conference.

El Paso, Aug. 31.—Government officials said reports tonight confirmed the rumors that General Pascual Orozco, a Mexican military leader, was killed in a fight between Mexicans and American posse civilians, United States custom officers and cavalrymen.

The reports say the fight was at Green River Canyon, Culberson county. Orozco and four companions fled there after raiding the Dick Love ranch yesterday. Orozco died at dusk tonight. Four other Mexicans were killed.

Carranza Still Silent.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The Pan-American peace appeal has been delivered to all the factional leaders. Several leaders in remote sections have just been reached by courier and to give time for the reply, probably there will be no meeting of conference until next week.

Carranza's reply is still lacking, but the conference will proceed without him, if necessary. General Scott reported to Secretary Lansing that Villa is sincerely in favor of peace.

## GREENWOOD MAY GET BIG SEABOARD SHOPS

Often Denied Rumor Comes From More Authentic Source This Time.

Greenwood, Aug. 31.—The elusive rumor that the Seaboard Air Line is contemplating moving its shops from Abbeville to Greenwood is stout again. This time, however, it is a little more tangible than previous "hearsay evidence," a railroad man, in the employ of another system, having reported that he had heard Seaboard men say that "divisional headquarters would be brought to Greenwood at no distant date."

The report, as always, is interesting, and now there seems to be some foundation in fact for it. The understanding is that the shops were to remain in Abbeville for a period of 25 years and that time is about expired.

Rubber For U. S. Dirigible.

Jacksonville, Fla., Aug. 31.—Thousands of feet of sheet rubber for Uncle Sam's second dirigible are being turned out here. The rubber, which is of unusual tensile strength, will be shipped by the Connecticut company building the huge balloon.

## BRITISH RELAX COUNCIL ORDER

WILL PERMIT PASSAGE OF GOODS TO AMERICANS IN SOME CASES

WILL NOT CHANGE GENERAL POLICY

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice Calls at White House Personally and Explains Concessions.

Washington, Aug. 31.—State department officials disclosed that they did not expect modified practice under the British order in council announced yesterday will cover a general British policy toward United States is preparing a new protest. No concrete proposals for relaxation of interference with shipping reached the state department, it is said, and such general discussion of the subject as has taken place will not affect the United States note to England.

Washington, Aug. 31.—Concessions in the enforcement against American commerce of the British order in council informal negotiations just completed by the foreign trade advisers of the state department.

The British ambassador, Sir Cecil Spring-Rice assured the trade advisers that their informal representatives in cases where the British orders have caused "undue hardships" to American commerce will receive special consideration.

The ambassador called at the state department personally to explain the extent of the British concessions, which are especially intended to meet the growing complaint of American importers that their Christmas trade is threatened by failure to obtain goods made in Germany and Austria for which they had contracted.

Generally speaking, it is the intention of the British government to permit the passage through the blockade lines of goods for which the American importers have entered into contract with German and Austrian firms. Heretofore it had been required that the money shall actually be paid for the goods. Now it will be sufficient to show that they were regularly contracted for and that the American importer is ready to pay the person responsible for them and title rests with him. Goods valued at many millions of dollars have accumulated at Rotterdam and await transportation to the United States. The order applies to these, but whether it will extend to goods yet in German factories, but under contract for delivery on this side of the Atlantic, is yet undetermined.

Germany Wants 15,000,000 Bales

Bosnia, Aug. 31.—An offer to purchase a million bales of cotton at fifteen cents delivered in a German harbor has been transmitted to the United States by German business men.

Prominent New Orleans Publisher Is Dead

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—Henry H. Baker, vice president of the Times-Picayune Publishing company died today after a brief illness.

He was a Confederate soldier and was prominent in the south. Mr. Baker was seventy-three years of age and was born in Pensacola, Fla.

## VAUGHAN TAKEN TO GREENVILLE

TO BE RESENTENCED TO DEATH FOR STATUTORY CRIMINAL ASSAULT

WAS IN CHARGE OF ORPHANAGE

Case Has Been Reviewed By State and Federal Supreme Court and Appeal Denied.

Columbia, Aug. 31.—T. U. Vaughan, convicted in Greenville county for statutory criminal assault on several young white girls in 1908, was taken to Greenville by the penitentiary authorities today to be resented to death.

Vaughan's case has been reviewed by the state and federal supreme courts and his appeals have been dismissed by both tribunals. Since his confinement in the penitentiary here he has refused to speak a word and has given every appearance of a man demoralized, however, expert alienists have pronounced him sane.

Vaughan was superintendent of the Odd Fellows' Orphanage in Greenville and he was charged with criminal assault on young orphan girls under his charge. As his trial he made a sensational confession and asked for another chance.

## EMPIRE LIFE LIABLE FOR MATURED POLICIES

Judge Ellis Holds Company Responsible for Policies Issued By Predecessor.

Allants, Aug. 31.—Superior Judge Ellis in a decision today on the petition for direction held the Empire Life Insurance company liable for matured policies issued by its predecessor, the Empire Mutual Annuity and Life Insurance Co. Installments on these policies are said to approximate a hundred thousand dollars.

## WRECKAGE OF MAROWIJNE FOUND BY COLLIER JUPITER

Washington, Aug. 31.—The collier Jupiter has reported to the Navy department that it found a wrecked lattice work, a mahogany vegetable locker and a white cypress door frame which has been identified by officers of the United Fruit liner Srinamba as belonging to the missing liner Marowijne.

Prominent New Orleans Publisher Is Dead

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—Henry H. Baker, vice president of the Times-Picayune Publishing company died today after a brief illness.

## ARABIC CASE STILL MYSTERY

### LOCATE MANY BODIES ON F-4

REMAINS OF GUNNER'S MATE ASHCROFT RECOVERED AND IDENTIFIED

MANY BODIES IN FRAGMENTS

Possibility That Crew Was Killed By Chlorine Gas Indicated By Board.

Washington, Aug. 31.—A serious weakness, common to all four of the "F" type submarines was pointed out by the board which made the investigation at Honolulu immediately after the loss of the submarine F-4 with twenty-two men last March.

As far as could be determined before the boat was raised every precaution was taken within the limitations of the design.

The report pays a tribute to the officers and men lost. The board reported they could draw no conclusion as to the cause of the vessel's loss. The possibility that the crew was killed by chlorine gases is indicated. The board found that sea water sometimes seeped into the storage battery cells of this class of boats, causing a formation of chlorine gas. The batteries were always more or less "grounded" due to several possible causes. Sometimes the "grounds" made flames, fusing electrical connections. The battery deck was not watertight. Since the vessel was raised and placed in dry dock another board has been appointed.

One Body Recovered.

Honolulu, Aug. 31.—One body found in the forward compartment of the submarine F-4 identified by a dental bridge as that of George P. Ashcroft, a gunner's mate from Los Angeles. Many bodies entangled in the debris are in fragments. It was not expected that the remaining bodies would be recovered before tomorrow.

Honolulu, Aug. 31.—Arrangements are completed for removing the bodies of twenty-two men who lost their lives on the submarine F-4. It is not believed any will be recognizable. The battered craft is in dry dock awaiting investigation to ascertain the cause. Naval men say raising the vessel 300 feet was a feat never accomplished before.

Explosion of the hull of submarine F-4 last March 25, last, with a crew of twenty-two failed to reveal any trace of the bodies or throw any light on the cause of the accident.

The dry dock in which the submarine was placed yesterday was pumped out last night and the craft was in full view this morning. It lies on the starboard side and that side is filled with debris, battery plates, mud and sand.

If the bodies remain they are under the debris. Some doubt is expressed whether they will be found as great holes torn in the sides allowed the entrance of marine creatures, with which these waters abound. It is feared the bodies were destroyed.

The debris is being removed as rapidly as possible. The investigation board has not definitely decided whether the holes in the craft were caused by accident or whether they were torn in efforts to raise the vessel from the depth of 300 feet.

## AGED LADY DEAD; NEGRO IS HELD

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 31.—The body of "Aunt Mary" Lawson, aged 80, badly mutilated, was found in an abandoned house in Allegheny county, according to reports reaching here. She was evidently murdered. Jeter Jolner, a negro, is in jail at Sparta pending investigation.

The woman has been missing several days. Her body was found under some hay.

German Hangar Destroyed.

Amsterdam, Aug. 31.—A telegram from Masabode says that the allies aviators destroyed a large building at Ghent, Belgium, where the Germans had aircraft housed.

## SUBMARINE MAY HAVE FOUNDERED OR SUNK BY BRITISH

ADMIRALTY HAS NO INFORMATION

Most U-Boats Have Returned to Base But None ad Any News of Arabic.

Berlin, Aug. 31.—The German admiralty today suggested that the submarine which may have torpedoed the Arabic possibly had foundered or had been sunk by the British.

High officials again declared they had no news of the sinking of the Arabic. They said most of the boats on the west coast of England at that time have returned, but none had news of the Arabic. They declared it would be lamentable if submarine had been lost and nothing should ever be learned of what happened. It will probably be possible very soon to tell whether apprehensions regarding the submarine are correct. Officials wouldn't say whether one or more are still out, nor how long any one had been away from the base. They said suggestively "they seldom remain out longer than three weeks and we usually get a report on any torpedo operations in from eight to fourteen days and rarely later than a fortnight after the occurrence."

## GOV. MANNING'S SECRETARY QUILTS

O. K. Laroque of Marion Succeeds Mr. Moses as Private Secretary to Governor.

Columbia, Aug. 31.—Herbert A. Moses, of Sumter, announced today that he had resigned as private secretary to Governor Manning. O. K. Laroque, of Marion, has been appointed to succeed Mr. Moses, the transfer to take place about the end of the week.

Mr. Moses resigned, because he found it necessary to return to his home in Sumter.

## ALLIES BLOW UP TURKISH BRIDGE

London, Aug. 31.—An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph says a submarine of the allies blew up a portico of the bridge between Constantinople and the suburbs of Galata.

It is not apparent whether this refers to similar operations recently the result of which the Turkish government denied.

## EXPLOSION KILLS SIXTEEN MINERS

Johnstown, Pa., Aug. 31.—Sixteen miners, mostly foreigners, were killed today by a gas explosion in the Orinda Mine at Roswell. Three hundred were in the workings. Several were injured while others escaped.

Dynamite Train Blows Up.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—A train carrying 7,000 pounds of dynamite ran off the track and blew up, killing the engineer, fireman and a laborer. Nothing remained of the train. Near-by powder plants were undamaged.

## CAPERTON EXPECTS OUTBREAK IN HAITI

Washington, Aug. 31.—The possibility of another Haitian outbreak is indicated in a dispatch from Admiral Caperton to the navy department, stating that the collier Jason is en route to Guines with a company of marines.

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Amsterdam, Aug. 31.—A telegram from Masabode says that the allies aviators destroyed a large building at Ghent, Belgium, where the Germans had aircraft housed.

## MORE TROOPS ORDERED TO JOIN FUNSTON'S FORCE

Washington, Aug. 31.—The Fourth Infantry and Sixth Cavalry have been ordered to Harrison, Texas, two battalions of the Nineteenth Infantry to Fort Sam Houston, and the third battalion of the Nineteenth to Del Rio. Secretary Garrison announced the war department is sending the additional forces at the request of Major General Funston, commanding the border patrol. The soldiers go from Galveston.

The secretary explained there is no emergency that he knows of now. He indicated the movement is merely a part of the general plan to strengthen Funston's position.